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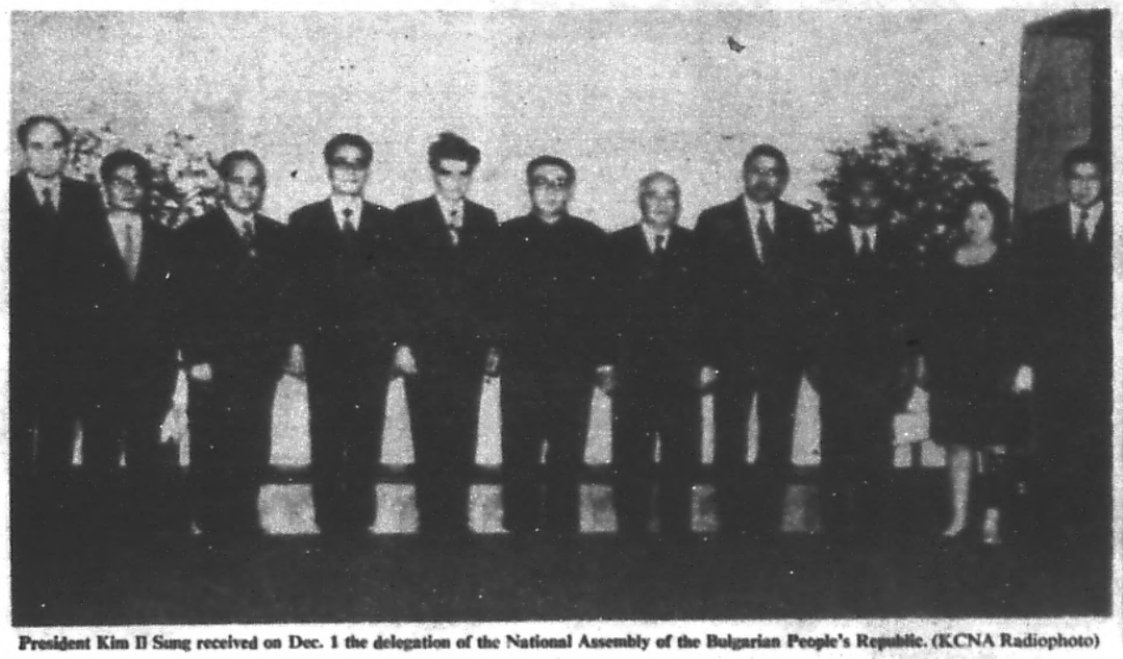


President Kim Il Sung received on Dec. 1 the delegation of the National Assembly of the Bulgarian People's Republic. (KCNA Radiophoto)

President KIM IL SUNG

Receives Bulgarian MP's & Japanese "Mainichi Shimbun" Editors

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, granted on December 1 an audience to the delegation of the National Assembly of the Bulgarian People's Republic.

Present on the occasion were head of the delegation Comrade Peko Takov, Alternate Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Bulgarian Communist Party and vice-President of the State Council of the Bulgarian People's Republic, and members of the delegation—Comrade Stoyan Tonchev, Member of the Standing Committee of the People's Union of Bulgarian Farmers and Member of the State Council of the Bulgarian People's Republic; Comrade Hristo Kelchev, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the BPR to our country; Comrade Stanko Dimitrov, Member of the Central Committee of the Bulgarian Communist Party and First Secretary of the Kyustendil District Party Committee; and Comrade Myumin Durgudova, Member of the National Council of the Bulgarian Fatherland Front.

Also on hand were Comrade Kim Yong Nam, Alternate Member of the Political Committee, and Secretary, of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea; Comrade Kong Jin Tae, vice-Premier of the Administration Council; and Hwang Jang Yop, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung warmly welcomed the delegation of the National Assembly of the Bulgarian People's Republic and conversed with the guests in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

On the occasion the head of the delegation courteously conveyed to the great leader the fraternal greetings of Comrade Todor Zhivkov, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Bulgarian Communist Party and President of the State Council of the Bulgarian People's Republic, and wished the great leader good health and a long life.

The great leader expressed thanks for this, inquired after the health of Comrade Todor Zhivkov and asked the head of the delegation to convey his warm greetings to Comrade Todor Zhivkov.

* * *

Earlier, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, granted on November 26 an audience to Gomi Mitsuo, Managing Director and Executive Editor, and Amano Ryoichi, Foreign News Editor, of the Japanese "Mainichi Shimbun."

Present on the occasion were Comrade Kim Yong Nam and Cho Yong Nam, vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the Korean Journalists Union.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung cordially received the guests, conversed with them in a friendly atmosphere and answered a series of questions put by them. (KCNA)

Works of President KIM IL SUNG Published in U.S., Finland

According to an information from New York, International Publishers brought about the English translation of 22 reports, speeches and interviews by President Kim Il Sung, under the title, "For the Peaceful Independent Reunification of Korea."

The selection, covering a period from 1948 through 1974, dealing with the question of reunification, demonstrates the consistently democratic and peaceful proposals which President Kim Il Sung has put forward to solve this most pressing problem, the publisher said.

The just proposals placed forth by him have the staunch support of the overwhelming majority of governments, statesmen and peoples throughout the world, the publisher's note declared.

The note continued:

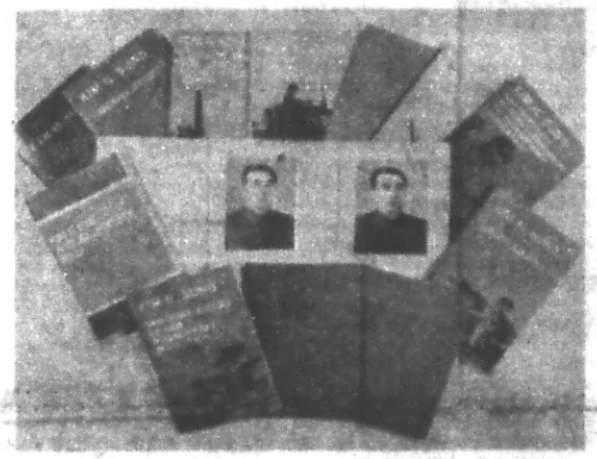
"In our own country, increasing numbers of Senators and Congressmen, influential people in and outside of government, recognize the need to bring the dubious U.S. policy to an end.

"It is time to withdraw all our troops and rearrange our relations with all of Korea on a peaceful, mutually beneficial basis. These writings of President Kim Il Sung are a major contribution toward that noble end."

According to a report from Helsinki, "Answers to the Questions Raised by Foreign Journalists," a collection of immortal classic works of the great leader President Kim Il Sung, was published recently in Finland.

Printed with due respect in the collection of works is a portrait of the revered and beloved leader President Kim Il Sung.

Contained in the collection of works are: "Answers to the Questions Raised by L'unita, Organ of the Italian Communist Party," "Answers to Questions Put by the Chief Editor of the Yugoslav Newspaper Vecernje Novosti" and "Talk with the Director of 'Daho Express,' Official Newspaper of the Dahomeyan Government" and six other immortal classic works of the great leader.



Immortal works of President Kim Il Sung published in foreign countries

TELEGRAMS

* Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a message from Prince Souphanouvong, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Lao Patriotic Front and Chairman of the National Coalition Political Council of Laos, in reply to his message of greetings sent on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the independence of Laos.

* Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, sent a message of greetings to Gnassingbe Eyadema, National Chairman of the Togolese People's Rally, on the occasion of the sixth anniversary of the founding of the Togolese People's Rally.

* Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the State of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to Comrade Josip Broz Tito, Chairman of the Yugoslav League of Communists and President of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, on the day of the Republic, the national holiday of the Yugoslav people.

* Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the State of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to Lieutenant General Michel Michombero, General Secretary of the Party of National Unity and Progress of Burundi and President of the Republic of Burundi, on the 9th anniversary of the Burundi revolution.

* Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the DPRK, received a message from Lieutenant Colonel Mathieu Kerekou, President of the Republic of Dahomey, in reply to his message of greetings sent on the occasion of the third anniversary of the victory of the Dahomeyan revolution.

* Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to Mokhtar Ould Daddah, President of the Islamic Republic of Mauritania, on the occasion of the 15th anniversary of the independence of the Islamic Republic of Mauritania.

* Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the DPRK, received a message from Houari Boumediene, President of the Council of Revolution and Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Algerian Democratic and People's Republic, in reply to his message of greetings sent to the latter on the occasion of the 21st anniversary of the start of the Algerian revolution.

* Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to Agostinho Neto on the occasion of the proclamation of the People's Republic of Angola upon the achievement of the national independence of Angola and the latter's inauguration as President. (KCNA)

DPRK Recognizes Surinam

PYONGYANG (KCNA)—Comrade Kim Il, Premier of the Administration Council, sent November 25 a message of greetings to Henck Arron, Prime Minister of Surinam, on the proclamation of Surinam's independence.

The message of greetings says:

I sent Your Excellency and your Government and people warm congratulations on the proclamation of Surinam's independence and inform you that the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has decided to recognize Surinam.

Convinced that the friendly and cooperative relations between our two countries will develop favourably, I take this opportunity to sincerely wish Your Excellency great successes in your work for the country's prosperity.

Chongryun Appeals for Total Reunification Efforts

4th Session of 10th CC of Chongryun Held

Chongryun (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) called for intensive efforts to help accelerate the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea.

This call was made at the 4th Session of the 10th Central Committee of Chongryun held on Nov. 28 to 29 in Tokyo, Japan, in line with the report delivered by President Kim Il Sung at the commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the foundation of the Workers' Party of Korea (Oct. 10, this year.)

Chongryun in this meeting declared that consolidation of its infrastructure must precede these efforts and determined that the present situation was developing in favour of the Korean people.

The latest central committee meeting was attended by Chairman Han Duk Su of the CSC of Chongryun and its vice-Chairmen Li Jin Gyu, Li Gye Baek, Hong Bong Su and Pak Jae Ro, and delegates and auditing committee members.

At the first-day session Chairman Han Duk Su made a report entitled "On Devoting Total Efforts to the Acceleration of the Reunification of the Fatherland, While Strengthening the Organization of Chongryun."

The report was followed by a series of intense discussions by committee members who unanimously supported the new policy line.

Concerning the situation at home and abroad, the Chairman said, with the fulfilment of the Six-Year Plan ahead of schedule under the wise leadership of President Kim Il Sung, the economic power of our country has further increased and its status as the revolutionary base has been consolidated; and he went on:

"The Conference of Foreign Ministers of Non-Aligned States held in Lima in August this year unanimously decided to admit the DPRK to the non-alignment movement as a full member and categorically rejected the 'application for membership in the non-alignment movement' submitted by the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique."

"The current UNGA adopted the draft resolution co-sponsored by the 43 UN member states calling for the disbandment of the 'UN Command,' the withdrawal of all foreign troops present in south Korea under the 'UN flag' and for the creation of favorable conditions for converting the armistice into a durable peace in Korea and accelerating the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea," he added.

He hailed it as an epochal event which completely destroyed the old United Nations mechanism whereby the U.S. imperialists fabricated illegal "resolutions" on the Korean question as they pleased every year over the last three decades; and in which a fair resolution on the Korean question was adopted for the first time; this, he declared, was a signal turn in the UN history.

Drawing inspiration from the fast-changing situation, the south Korean youths and students are now courageously fighting for the right to existence in opposition to the "revitalization system" in face of the bayonets of the enemy, he reported. According to foreign reports, the students arrested by the Pak clique on charges of "violation of the emergency measures" are struggling even in the murderous court; they turned the murderous court into a place for denouncing the Pak clique, he said.

He stated that the developing situation demanded Chongryun concentrate all its energies on the cause of the independent and peaceful reunification of the fatherland, by forming a national united front with compatriots under Mindan (the Union of "ROK" Residents in Japan). Uniting with them, the same Koreans, can never become an "crime," he asserted.

He stressed the need to get a unanimous public support from the Japanese people and the other peace-loving people of the world for the independent and peaceful reunification of the fatherland and bring them to demand the withdrawal of the U.S. troops present in south Korea.

In his report, Chairman Han Duk Su set forth a new action platform to consolidate the Juche ideological arming of its infrastructure and mobilize all the workers and compatriots for a pan-national effort for the earliest independent and peaceful reunification of the divided fatherland.

He proposed the reunification efforts as the foremost job of all its workers and Korean nationals, and said the Juche ideological arming and the subsequent beefingup of its organization would enable them to funnel the energy for the reunification of their fatherland.

He appealed to all its workers and 600,000 Korean residents to implement their sacred undertaking, by thoroughly arming themselves with the Juche idea.

S. Koreans Hail Adopted 43-State Resolution

PYONGYANG (KCNA)—Broad segments of people in south Korea are warmly supporting and hailing the adoption of the 43 nation-sponsored resolution at the Plenary Meeting of the 30th UN General Assembly, saying that it is "an inspiring news" and "great victory of the line of independent and peaceful reunification maintained by the Government of the DPRK," and resolutely demanding that the U.S. imperialist aggression troops withdraw from south Korea at an early date in accordance with the resolution, according to Radio "Voice of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification."

Kang In Mo, a worker in Seoul, said:

"This is, indeed, an inspiring news. More than 1,000 workers of the factory where I am working were greatly stirred by this news. The adoption of the 43 nation-sponsored resolution at the UN General Assembly is a great victory of the DPRK Government's line of independent and peaceful reunification.

"A certain Kim, a turner, said that he could hardly repress emotion when he heard that the 43 nation-sponsored resolution was adopted by an overwhelming majority vote at the First Committee of the UN General Assembly and extended thanks again and again to General Kim Il Sung, the salvation star for national reunification.

"How can it be the feeling of Kim alone?

"This is an irrepressible unanimous sentiments flaming in the hearts of all people of south Korea.

"We confirm once again our determination to fight staunchly, upholding the policy of the independent and peaceful reunification of the country put forward by General Kim Il Sung, the peerless patriot, to translate it into practice."

Kim Gyu Chol, a peasant residing in Paju county, Kyonggi Province, said:

"For 30 years since the country was divided owing to the U.S. troops' occupation of south Korea, our people have undergone all sorts of sufferings and misfortunes. The peasants in my village also have not spent even a single day in peace due to the misfortunes caused by the national split and the outrages of the U.S. aggression troops. We call the villages in Rimjin *myon*, Paju county, where the U.S. troops are entrenched, a den of murderers and criminals."

The south Korean peasants are now demanding in unison that the U.S. imperialist aggression troops take off the "UN forces" berets and withdraw from south Korea as required by the resolution of the UN General Assembly, he noted, and stressed:

"Our villagers are firmly resolved to turn out courageously for the anti-U.S., national salvation cause of forcing the U.S. troops to withdraw in order to put an early end to the tragedy of split suffered by the country and the nation. The U.S. imperialist aggression troops must quit this land unconditionally."

Mun Chang Sik, a teacher, said:

"As the UN General Assembly adopted a resolution whose main content is the withdrawal of the U.S. troops present in south Korea, the U.S. troops who are stationed till now in this land under the pretext of 'UN resolution' must unconditionally withdraw from south Korea, taking off the 'UN forces' berets.

He stressed:

"We, inspired by the UN General Assembly's resolution, harden a new fighting spirit and confidence.

"We will wage more powerfully the anti-U.S., anti-dictatorship struggle in conformity with the will of the people and the requirement of the era and thus drive the U.S. troops out of this land and certainly overthrow the Pak Jung Hi clique."

Should Reject War Plots: Pyongyang Demands

14th N-S Red Cross Meet Held

PANMUNJOM (KCNA)—The 14th Red Cross working-level meeting between the north and the south was held in the conference room of the Neutral Nations Supervisory Commission at Panmunjom from 10 on the morning of November 28, according to a statement of the spokesman of the delegation of the Red Cross Society of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Chu Chang Jun, deputy head of the delegation of our side, pointed out that no breakthrough had yet been made in the solution of the humanitarian problems and the standstill continues at the north-south Red Cross talks, because the Pak Jung Hi traitor clique, with the backing of foreign forces, are persistently pursuing the policy of war and the policy of confrontation against us, going against the trend of the times, and the south Korean Red Cross side, teaming up with the bellicose elements, is abusing the noble work of the humanitarian talks for a foul political purpose.

Therefore, he stressed, at the previous 13th working-level meeting, our side proposed to the south Korean side to strive against the war policy of the south Korean bellicose elements.

He continued:

If a war broke out in our country, it would spell new misfortunes and sufferings to our entire nation, far from alleviating the sufferings of the compatriots. Then the work of our humanitarian talks would be meaningless.

Exposing that today the south Korean authorities, while stepping up their war policy against us as never before, are leading the situation to a more perilous phase, he pointed to their war provocation manoeuvres and the misfortunes and sufferings brought by them to the south Korean people.

He said:

Trampling underfoot both the July 4 north-south joint statement and the noble idea of Red Cross humanitarianism, the south Korean authorities are begging for the permanent occupation by the U.S. imperialist aggression troops and putting spurs to their war preparations, reinforcing the armed forces, increasing the military potentialities, establishing a wartime mobilization system under the slogan of "prevail over communism" and "vanquish communism."

The deputy head of the delegation of our side recalled that these days the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique make the gangsters of the so-called "central association of the people of the five provinces in the north," an organization of "anti-communist" political plot-breeding, hold something like "rallies" all over south Korea and kick up an unprecedented "anti-communist" din against us, crying for "the visit to the ancestral graves."

He said: When we are bending sincere efforts for the solution of the humanitarian problems of alleviating the sufferings of the dispersed compatriots at the talks, the Pak Jung Hi clique and the south Korean Red Cross side, failing to show their good faith at the talks, are raising the "anti-communist" din by bringing forward the absurd question outside the conference hall. This is intended to further aggravate the atmosphere of the talks and lay a new obstacle to the talks. He branded this as an intolerable challenge to the whole nation which hopes for a speedy solution of the humanitarian problems and the country's peaceful reunification.

The desperate "anti-communist" racket of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, he pointed out, also finds vivid manifestation in the so-called "campus spyring case" licked up by them of late, in which they made again a wholesale arrest of many youths and students and imprisoned them and are viciously plotting to impose penalties upon them, linking it with us in a farfetched way.

Saying that the incoherent cry for "dialogue" the Pak Jung Hi clique are raising out, while stepping up the war policy and "anti-communist" din against us with such fever hitherto unknown, is a crafty double-dealing tactics and a ruse to mislead public opinion at home and abroad, he branded the "dialogue" chanted by the wretches, in a nutshell, as a "dialogue" for the preparation of a fratricidal war and a "dialogue" for seeking the permanent division of the country, not a dialogue for reunification and a dialogue for the solution of the humanitarian question.

Noting that all the criminal rackets of the Pak Jung Hi clique are entirely products of the backstage manipulation of the U.S. imperialist aggressors occupying south Korea, he exposed this on the basis of concrete facts.

He said: The south Korean Red Cross side should join us in the active efforts to check and frustrate the reckless war provocation manoeuvres of the south Korean authorities and their "anti-communist" din, a link in them, and force the U.S. imperialist aggression troops, the source of war, to withdraw from south Korea.

The south Korean side should return to the original mission of Red Cross humanitarianism and approach the work of the humanitarian talks with sincerity, in order to normalize the deadlocked humanitarian talks as early as possible and successfully solve the humanitarian question.

The deputy head of the delegation of our side branded the tricky political juggling of the south Korean side behind the sham humanitarian signboard as a perfidy to further aggravate the atmosphere of the humanitarian talks between the north and the south and lead the north-south Red Cross talks to a rupture and strongly demanded that the south Korean side make it clear whether it wanted to solve the humanitarian question or not, whether it would break up the talks or correct its stand toward the talks.

It was decided to have the next working-level meeting on February 12 next year.

After the working-level meeting, the delegation of our side issued a statement at Panmunjom in connection with the fact that the working-level meeting would go into next year without any success owing to the unreasonable stand of the south Korean side this year.

Juche Idea Gives "Perfect Solution to All New Problems"

Lima Juche Seminar

A Latin American Scientific Seminar on the Juche Idea was held recently in Lima on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea, according to a report from Lima.

Thirty-five progressive scholars, professors, doctors, public figures and representatives of groups for the study of the works of Comrade Kim Il Sung from 15 Latin American countries read out their scientific papers with deep emotion at the seminar.

They were unanimous in laying stress on the greatness of the immortal Juche idea founded by the great leader of the revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung and its inexhaustible vitality, expressed infinite respect and adoration for the respected and beloved leader who founded the Juche idea and brightly illumined the road to be followed by mankind and manifested their firm determination to make a deeper study of the Juche idea and embody it in life.

Outstanding Thinker-Theoretician

Doctor of law **Angel Castro Lavarello,** President of the Peru-Korea Institute of Culture and Friendship, said in his paper:

The respected and beloved leader President Kim Il Sung founded the immortal Juche idea, basing himself on the historic conditions of our era when the oppressed peoples have cut off the chains of oppression and tyranny and emerged in the arena of history as the master.

The Juche idea is the quintessence of the ideological and theoretical system of the respected and beloved leader President Kim Il Sung.

The system of idea, theory and method of Juche established by President Kim Il Sung is an original one and is an application and development of the universal truth of Marxism-Leninism in conformity with the demand of the changed era.

The Juche idea is a great idea giving perfect solution to all the new problems which could not be preconceived in the past.

A great idea can be founded only by a great leader.

President Kim Il Sung has clearly expounded the character and main features of our era with his brilliant intelligence and perspicacity of seeing more deeply than anyone else into the nature of things and the complicated circumstances.

President Kim Il Sung gave a new exposition of the social nature of man by defining that man is a social being with independence as his life.

The Juche idea is an idea which views all problems with the greatest importance attached to man and advocates his independence. Man can become the most valuable and powerful being in the world only when he maintains independence, has class consciousness and is prepared ideologically.

The Juche idea is embodied in the principle of independence in politics, the principle of self-support in the economy and the principle of self-defence in national defence, the speaker said, and continued:

These guiding principles of the Juche idea to be embodied in all domains of the revolution and construction and the state activities reflect most profoundly the demands of our era and are the only way of enabling all people to shape by themselves their destinies for freedom, progress and peace against subjugation and submission to big powers.

Kimilsungism, the Juche idea, the guiding idea of the Workers' Party of Korea which is proudly winning fame as the most dignified and authoritative "Party of Juche" and "standard-bearer of the world anti-imperialist struggle," is the guiding idea, guiding theory and method of leadership in our era.

Kimilsungism in which the great revolutionary ideas, the outstanding unique ideas, of Marshal Kim Il Sung are systematized in an integral way holds the pinnacle in the history of the development of Marxism-Leninism.

President Kim Il Sung is the genius of mankind, outstanding thinker and theoretician, great leader of the revolution and founder of Kimilsungism profoundly reflecting the interests of the working class.

Kimilsungism founded and systematized by Marshal Kim Il Sung is the most scientific world outlook in understanding and transforming nature and society, the most correct idea, theory and strategy and tactics for solving all problems arising in the revolutionary struggle and the best system, method, style and line of leadership over the masses.

Kimilsungism is a textbook of struggle and life in our era, whose profoundness, correctness and vitality have been fully confirmed in practice.

All the people of the world who are making revolution and fighting for the building of socialism take Kimilsungism dynamically propelling the onward movement of mankind as their banner.

Kimilsungism is the most profound, scientific and revolutionary, ideological and theoretical weapon in the history of mankind.

Kimilsungism is the guide to action for the world revolutionaries and the guide to action for hundreds of millions of people in all regions of the world, Asia, Africa and Latin America in particular.

Jose Francisco Aguilar, Chairman of the Costa Rica-Korea Association of Friendship and Culture, who is Chairman of the Costa Rica Socialist Party and Chairman of the Costa Rica Journalists Union, said in his paper:

Revolutionary changes are taking place in all parts of the world.

An idea, theory and method giving a correct solution are needed to speed up the process of the revolutionary change of our era.

This historic task has been carried out by the great leader of the Korean people Marshal Kim Il Sung.

Speaking of the Juche idea, Marshal Kim Il Sung has taught:

"In a nutshell, the idea of Juche means that the masters of the revolution and the work of construction are the masses of the people and that they are also the motive force of the revolution and the work of construction. In other words, one is responsible for one's own destiny and one has also the capacity for hewing out one's own destiny."

The Juche idea is a revolutionary idea and revolutionary theory which value man and attach the greatest importance to him.

The distinguished historic exploit of the Juche idea and the revolutionary theory expounded by it is that they give a perfect answer to the questions of revolution and construction in backward colonies and semi-colonies, which had not been raised by Marxism-Leninism.

Today the majority of countries are small developing countries which are still under the yoke of colonialism or have just achieved national independence and entered the road of new development.

The theory that the national liberation of these countries can be achieved only by the struggle of the working class in their suzerain states had long prevailed and the peoples of colonial and dependent countries have been regarded merely as reserve forces of the revolution.

Marshal Kim Il Sung smashed this existing theory and pointed to the road along which these countries can accomplish their cause of anti-imperialist, national-liberation by their own efforts on the basis of the Juche idea, free themselves from the position of the backward colonial and semi-feudal society and go over to socialism, and created its shining example in Korea.

This opened a bright road for the third world countries, the most important revolutionary force of our era, to achieve national liberation and class liberation and prance toward socialism.

Another distinguished historic exploit of the Juche idea and the revolutionary theory expounded by it is that they give a correct answer to the question of revolution after the establishment of the socialist system and the question of strategy and tactics to be upheld in the building of socialism and communism.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, basing himself on the Juche idea, gave a correct exposition of the question of the demarcation line of the transition period and the question of correlations between the transition period and the proletarian dictatorship, thereby putting an end to the confused theories on the question of the transition period which had long remained an unsolved question.

Besides, Marshal Kim Il Sung propounded perfect theories on the three revolutions, ideological, technical and cultural, and the capture of the ideological and material fortresses of communism and gave perfect answers to all other strategic and tactical questions arising in the whole course of building socialism and communism after the establishment of the socialist system.

It is one of the important historic tasks facing our revolution to create a correct method of leadership over the masses.

Marshal Kim Il Sung was the first in history to brilliantly carry out this task by creating the method of leadership over the masses embodying a revolutionary mass line based on the Juche idea.

President Kim Il Sung's works brought out in many languages to meet the growing demand

Powerful Force Propelling Rev. Movement

Dr. Manuel Augustin Aguirre, ex-President and Dean of the law faculty of Quito University of Ecuador, said in his paper:

The most important feature of the Juche idea is that it considers man the basic and main factor in all social and revolutionary transformations.

The Juche idea clarifies from a new angle the position of man in the material world.

The exploit of the Juche idea of President Kim Il Sung is that it gives a new exposition of the dialectical correlations between the basis and superstructure by attaching great importance to the political aspect which puts greatest emphasis on man, that is, the ideological aspect in the revolutionary process and in the building of socialism and communism.

The most important feature of the Juche idea is that this idea defines the popular masses as the genuine master and performer of the revolution.

This idea sets independence and creativeness as the basic stand and method for transforming nature and society.

The Juche idea was founded in the course of the independent and creative activities of the masses in the struggle and teaches strategy and tactics and fighting method conforming to each specific historic period.

Stressing that President Kim Il Sung's contribution to perfecting the strategy and tactics of the national revolution and the world revolution is also important, he said:

The Juche idea is a great summation of the protracted and arduous revolutionary struggle and a powerful force propelling the revolutionary movement at the present time.

In his paper **Prof. Nunez Tenorio,** Director of the College of Philosophy of Venezuela, said:

It is clearly confirmed by social practice that man is the basic factor in nature and society.

The victory of revolution is impossible without a theory which will serve as the guideline of our struggle. The embodiment of the Juche idea guarantees the organic combination of the elements of theory and practice, science and politics.

Road Leading L. Americans to Well-being & Progress

Eleazar Ramos Lomarte, educational secretary of the "Centre of the Study of the Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of Peru, said in his paper:

Today the Juche idea has become the guiding idea of revolution drawing great attention throughout the world demonstrating its strength and vitality confirmed by history.

Marshal Kim Il Sung has enriched the treasure-house of Marxism-Leninism and made a great contribution to its development by founding the Juche idea.

This, however, does not mean that the Juche idea is a simple continuation of Marxism-Leninism. It is a unique idea which has further developed and enriched Marxism-Leninism in conformity with the demand of the present time, while preserving its quintessence and revolutionary nature and has given answers to many problems which could not be raised by Marxism-Leninism.

The Juche idea makes man an active being acting in accordance with an idea and consciousness, not fettered by social conditions.

Therefore, only by thoroughly relying on this idea can we enhance the role of the popular masses in the revolution and construction and the role of the party.

It is for this reason that we espouse this brilliant Juche idea and believe that it is the fighting task of the world people, the Latin American people in particular, to embody this idea.

In his paper **Oscar Cabrera,** General Secretary of the Uruguay-Korea Association of Friendship and Culture and Journalist, said:

Ours is an era of independence when the overwhelming majority of the world's countries demand national independence and sovereignty and fight to free themselves from the economic and ideological subjugation by big powers.

Through the long period of study I have come to be convinced that the Juche idea is a revolutionary doctrine ensuring the masses of the people independence and creativeness and a great doctrine indicating the road to the complete liberation of the popular masses from all sorts of exploitation and subjugation, the road to the final liquidation of national and class subjugation and all kinds of social fetters and the attainment of genuine liberation.

The Juche idea founded and embodied by President Kim Il Sung is the consummation of the most advanced revolutionary theories of the present world, because this idea makes it possible to break off the vicious colonial yoke of imperialism which has plundered all the wealth and thrown countries into the state of horrible starvation and indescribable backwardness and to achieve the cause of national liberation in the shortest historic period.

Only by arming ourselves with the Juche idea can we find the secret that made such a small country as Korea fight down a country which had been boasting of being the "strongest" in the world.

Only by arming ourselves with the Juche idea can we explain how such a country as Korea which was completely destroyed and reduced to heaps of ashes has become a thriving and prospering socialist state as we see today.

Indeed, the reality of Korea greatly inspires the Latin American countries.

Today Latin America is confidently advancing toward its complete liberation.

A road indicated by the great Juche idea is a road leading us Latin American peoples to well-being and progress.

In conclusion, I reverentially wish good health and a long life to President Kim Il Sung, the great leader of the world revolution, who is making a tremendous theoretical and practical contribution to the liberation struggle of the world people. **(KCNA)**

(Subtitles are ours....Ed.)

Foreign Visitors Speak

Numerous foreign public figures who visited Pyongyang highly praise in unison the Juche idea as "a guiding compass leading the revolution and construction in our era to victory."

Printed here are brief comments on the Juche idea from the recent visitors....Ed.

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Professor Giancarlo Elia Valori, Secretary General of the Italian International Relations Institute, stressed:

Juche philosophy holds the most shining place in the history of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea which has made leaping development in a brief period both in the political and economic field and in the scientific and technical field and constitutes an important motive power in this country.

Juche philosophy is the only guiding principle which can be fully applied not only in Korea but also in the countries of the whole world, especially in all the developing countries, in all the Asian, African and Latin American countries who have not yet found an independent road for their economic and social development.

Juche philosophy which demands all people have independence gives a powerful weapon for practically guaranteeing the people the right to self-determination, that is, the sacred right to shape independently their political, economic and social destiny.

No philosophy is better than Juche philosophy which gives an allround solution to all problems arising in social and collective life. Juche philosophy is the most revolutionary philosophy that thoroughly rejects dogmatism and completely liberates the masses of the people from all kinds of the old fetters.

By splendidly embodying the immortal Juche idea founded by the great leader President Kim Il Sung, the Korean people have already registered tremendous successes on the road of transforming their social structure and built in this land a new Korea of Juche, a developing and prospering, socialist Korea.

Great Juche philosophy founded by the respected and beloved leader President Kim Il Sung is a guiding compass leading the revolution and construction in our era along a straight path to victory and the source of strength imbuing the working class and the oppressed peoples of the world with unbounded courage and conviction of sure victory.

He said:

The immortal Juche idea founded by the respected and beloved leader President Kim Il Sung is an idea illumining the road to freedom and liberation before the Korean people as well as the oppressed peoples the world over. It is the greatest idea indicating the road to accelerate the victory of the cause of socialism and communism.

A bright prospect is open for the Korean people and the oppressed peoples of the world who are advancing holding high the revolutionary banner of the great Juche idea of President Kim Il Sung.

As a soldier who infinitely respects and reveres the respected and beloved leader and is true to him, I will make all my efforts for the allround victory of the great Juche idea.

Chrysanthos Savvides, member of the Political Bureau and Secretariat of the Cyprus Socialist Party, said:

The Juche idea based on a philosophical theory that man is the master of everything and decides everything is the guiding idea giving a most perfect and scientific solution to all the problems raised by the present time.

Humanity has not yet known any idea, greater and more profound than the Juche idea created by President Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved leader.

President Kim Il Sung who founded this great Juche idea, the immortal banner and beacon of the world revolution for its profoundness and greatness is the most distinguished and superb thinker and theoretician in human history.

We announce to the world at the top of our voice that the Juche idea, the revolutionary idea of President Kim Il Sung, is Kimilsungism and our time is the era of Kimilsungism.

Mori Junji, deputy head of the delegation of the Kagoshima Prefectural Council for Japan-Korea Friendship said:

The key to the successes made in socialist construction of Korea is the embodiment of the Juche idea, I think.

The master key to victory in socialist construction lies in that there is the brilliant sun of the Korean people President Kim Il Sung and the Korean people are under the wise leadership of the great President.

Philospher Maeda Tsuyoshi, said:

Korea where everything was destroyed by the U.S. imperialists has been reconstructed so perfectly that she baffles one's imagination. The construction shows the great successes made in all fields—industry, agriculture, education and culture.

These successes made in revolution and construction in a brief span of time are unprecedented in human history.

The great victory won in the revolution and construction is a brilliant victory of the Juche idea.

I, as a philosopher, realized more deeply the greatness of the Juche idea founded by respected and beloved President Kim Il Sung leading the Korean people when I saw the Juche idea being practically translated into reality by the efforts of the popular masses, not being a simple theory.

A view of Pyongyang, capital of the DPRK, covered with green

Juche Studies in Capitalist Countries

The Juche idea founded by President Kim Il Sung is today being widely disseminated over all continents and all regions, touching the heart-strings of the world's peoples.

Even in Western capitalist countries, "study groups on the Juche idea" are mushrooming with seminars held.

Printed here is a digest on "meetings on the Juche idea" held in the U.S.A., Australia and Japan this year....Ed.

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U.S.A.

A "Group for Study of the Juche Idea" for making study of the revolutionary idea, the Juche idea, of the great leader President Kim Il Sung was formed in New York.

Its inauguration was held in New York on January 24.

Present at the meeting were progressive college and university professors and public figures of the United States.

The meeting discussed a series of questions on strengthening the activities of the group and regularly holding meetings for studying the Juche idea, so that the members of the group might deeply study and grasp the Juche idea of the great leader and actively introduce and propagandize the Juche idea among the progressive people of the United States.

Also discussed at the meeting was a question to expand and develop the "Group for Study of the Juche Idea" throughout the country.

The meeting decided to found and publish the monthly "Juche" in the future.

Australia

A "National Forum of Australia on the Juche Idea" was held in Hobart, Australia last spring.

The speakers said that the immortal Juche idea is the great idea representing our era and the idea of the genuine liberation of mankind for freeing the masses of the people from all manner of oppression and subjugation and enabling them to enjoy freedom and happiness, that it is the guiding compass which the peoples of all countries of the world should tightly grasp, and stressed:

The founding of the Juche idea by President Kim Il Sung, the great statesman and brilliant thinker and theorist, is a momentous historic event which brought into a scientific reality the desire of the people to enjoy independence by smashing the oppression of the old society that bound people with the relations of the ruling and the ruled for thousands of years.

Japan

A "National Scientific Forum on the Juche Idea Celebrating the 30th Anniversary of the Foundation of the Workers' Party of Korea" was held in Tokyo on October 26 under the co-sponsorship of the Japan-Korea Solidarity Committee of Social Scientists and the "National Council of Societies for the Study of the Works of President Kim Il Sung".

Attending the forum together with the leading personnel of the sponsor organisations were the representatives and members of 42 groups for the study of the Juche idea from 14 prefectures of Japan including the metropolis and men of broad scientific and cultural cirles and public figures of Japan, over 400 in all.

Underscoring in unison the theoretical and practical significance of the immortal Juche idea founded by the great leader President Kim Il Sung, the reporter and speakers said that "it is an irresistible trend of the times today to study the Juche idea, the basic trend of thought of our era."

They said that the immortal Juche idea founded by the great leader President Kim Il Sung is a militant banner inspiring the struggle of the people of the third world countries and a revolutionary weapon dealing decisive blows to imperialism headed by U.S. imperialism.

A view of the "National Scientific Forum on the Juche Idea celebrating the 30th Anniversary of the WPK" held in Tokyo on Oct. 26

Rodong Sinmun: US Troops Must Go Home

PYONGYANG, Dec. 1 (KCNA)—Rodong Sinmun (organ of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea) of November 29 in an article stresses that the United States must, first of all, immediately disband the "United Nations Command" and withdraw without delay all its troops occupying south Korea, in accordance with the demand of the 43 U.N. member nation-sponsored resolution adopted at the current U.N. General Assembly. This, it says, is an unavoidable obligation of the United States.

The article quotes the following words of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung:

"The most urgent problem that must be solved in the settlement of the question of our country's reunification is to take 'U.N. forces' helmets off U.S. occupation troops in south Korea and force them to withdraw completely."

The U.S. imperialists' occupation of south Korea, the article notes, is the constant source of war in Korea, the basic obstacle to the reunification of our country and the root cause of all the misfortunes and tribulations of the south Korean people.

In particular, the U.S. imperialist aggression forces' occupation of south Korea and their policy of aggression are the most wanton infringement upon sovereignty, the life of the country and the nation, and the basic factor obstructing the uniform development and independent development of our nation, a homogeneous nation, and the fetters binding the independent and creative life of the south Korean people, the article stresses, and says:

Unless the U.S. imperialists' occupation of south Korea and their policy of aggression are brought to an end, the independent and peaceful reunification of our country is unthinkable and the south Korean people cannot be freed from the misfortunes and hardships.

Referring to the consistent efforts of our Party and the Government of the DPRK for the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea, the article stresses: The adoption of the 43 U.N. member nation-sponsored resolution at the current U.N. General Assembly was a striking demonstration of the justness and vitality of the policy of independent and peaceful reunification invariably maintained by the Government of the DPRK and its great victory.

The adoption of this resolution at the current U.N. General Assembly has nullified all the illegal "resolutions" cooked up at the United Nations in the past under the coercion of the United States for "justifying" its troops' occupation of south Korea and made it impossible any longer for the United States to cover up all its criminal acts in south Korea with the name of the United Nations.

As the people clearly remember, the United States had repeatedly claimed up until recently that it keeps its troops in south Korea in accordance with the U.N. "resolution." This was the only "reason" put up by the U.S. imperialists to justify their troops' occupation of south Korea. Therefore, now that the United Nations adopted the resolution demanding the withdrawal of all foreign troops from south Korea, it has become all the more impossible for the United States to evade the obligation to implement it.

But the United States outrageously announced that it has "no intention to implement" the resolution. This is a most unjust act ignoring and insulting the just resolution of the United Nations and a vicious challenge to the entire Korean people and the world peace-loving people. The United States thinks that it can shirk its obligation to withdraw its troops from south Korea with such high-handed act as putting up the U.N. flag sometimes and the Stars and Stripes at another times. This is a mistake.

As for the obligation of the United States to withdraw its troops from south Korea, it is one it assumes before the Korean people and the entire world peace-loving people who desire peace in Korea and her reunification, before the United Nations which opposes interference in the internal affairs of the nations and before the present time when the independent development of the nations has become a trend of history.

Furthermore, the United States in its "draft resolution" expressed the readiness to dissolve the "United Nations Command." The "U.N. forces" in south Korea are none other than the U.S. troops and, accordingly, the question of the dissolution of the "United Nations Command" is inseparable from the question of the withdrawal of the U.S. troops. As it announced that it was ready to disband the "United Nations Command", it must unconditionally withdraw more than 40,000 U.S. troops under it from south Korea, to say nothing of dissolving it.

In an attempt to avoid the withdrawal of its troops, the United States also claims that the "U.N. forces" in south Korea are no more than 300 men and they are personnel of the "United Nations Command" itself and the remaining forces in south Korea are present there under the so-called "south Korea-U.S. mutual defence treaty."

Both in view of the historical fact that the U.S. troops crept into south Korea wearing the "U.N. forces" berets and in the light of the provisions of the armistice agreement prohibiting the introduction of any military personnel except rotation conducted on a man-for-man basis, in south Korea the "U.N. forces" are precisely the U.S. troops which, the United States alleges, are not "U.N. forces."

The United States said that its troops were "U.N. forces" when it thought it advantageous to use the name of the United Nations in justifying its troops' occupation of south Korea and were not "U.N. forces" when it considered it disadvantageous to wear the "U.N. forces" berets. It is time it was dropping this bad habit.

The assertion that "peace will be disturbed" if the U.S. troops are withdrawn is as nonsensical as a claim that a family can be in peace when a robber who breaks into its house plays the master. This is a preposterous jargon of the aggressors and traitors designed to keep the U.S. troops in south Korea indefinitely.

We have put forward time and again reasonable proposals for solving all problems that will arise in preserving a durable peace in Korea and achieving the independent and peaceful reunification of the country after the withdrawal of the U.S. troops from south Korea.

This was a clear expression of the firm will and ability of the Korean people to solve the reunification question, the nation's internal affair, independently on a democratic principle and in a peaceful way after the withdrawal of the U.S. troops.

No one can flout the peace-loving Korean people who are determined to smoothly solve their national question in a peaceful way.

With nothing can the U.S. imperialists and their stooges justify the U.S. troops' occupation of south Korea. With no desperate machination can they refuse the demand of the times that the U.S. troops be withdrawn from south Korea.

The article warns that the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys must look straight at the reality and act with discretion.

Chongryun Fetes DPRK Victory at 30th UNGA

A reception was held at the Tokyo Korean Cultural Center on Dec. 2 with the attendance of diplomats from 21 countries and many noted Japanese.

A party was arranged on Dec. 2 at the Tokyo Korean Cultural Center by Chairman Han Duk Su of the CSC of Chongryun (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan), celebrating the passage of the 43-nation draft resolution at the 30th UNGA.

Among participants were: Its vice-Chairmen Li Jin Gyu, Li Gye Baek, Hong Bong Su and Pak Jae Ro, and its department chiefs, the responsible functionaries of organizations and enterprises affiliated with Chongryun.

There were over 500 persons in all at the reception, including diplomats from 21 countries.

Chairman Han Duk Su made a speech at the reception.

In his speech, he stressed that the adoption of the 43-nation draft resolution was a great victory of the policy of national reunification of the DPRK Government and, at the same time a common victory for the world peace-loving peoples who actively supported and encouraged the just cause of the Korean people. This was a heavy blow at the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys trying hard to perpetuate the U.S. forces' occupation of south Korea and create "two Koreas" by freezing the split of Korea.

Foreign guests unanimously pointed out that Korea's reunification must follow the total withdrawal of the U.S. troops from south Korea.

Earlier, a central meeting of Koreans here was held on Nov. 30 at the same place, hailing the UNGA approval of the 43-nation resolution and demanding the immediate withdrawal of U.S. troops from south Korea.

Present at the platform were vice-Chairmen of the CSC of Chongryun Li Jin Gyu, Li Gye Baek, Hong Bong Su and Pak Jae Ro.

Vice-Chairman Li Jin Gyu made a speech before over 3,000 attendants. Guest speakers included representatives of the Japan Socialist Party, the Japan Communist Party and the Japan-Korea Association.

They described the passage of the 43-UN member state resolution as a major victory and denounced the Japanese Government for its active role in the plot of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi fascist clique to create "two Koreas".

World Public Presses for US Troops' Pullout from S. Korea

Pakistan Party and Bodies

The Pakistan Socialist Party, the Pakistan Committee of Peasants Unions, the Pakistan Afro-Asian People's Solidarity Organization, the Lahore Pakistan-Korea Friendship Association, the Pakistan Confederation of Labour, the Pakistan Solidarity Committee for Supporting the Just Struggle of the Korean People for Korea's Independent Reunification and the Lahore District Lawyers' Association made public a joint statement in Lahore recently, warmly supporting and welcoming the passage of the 43-nation resolution at the current U.N. General Assembly by an overwhelming majority vote, according to a report from Islamabad.

The joint statement, to begin with, warmly hailed the passage of the resolution on the Korean question co-sponsored by 43 U.N. member nations at the 30th U.N. General Assembly.

It extended warm felicitations to His Excellency President Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved leader of the Korean people, on this auspicious event.

Noting that this historic event that has taken place at the 30th U.N. General Assembly is a common victory of the world progressive peoples who love justice and peace, the joint statement continued:

This is a turning-point in the history of the United Nations. This is a clear testimony to the might of the socialist countries and the third world countries which smashed the old mechanism whereby the United States fabricated illegal "resolutions" on the Korean question at the United Nations. This is also a great victory of the just stand of the Government of the DPRK that the reunification of Korea should be achieved by the Korean people themselves independently and peacefully free from any foreign interference after all the foreign forces have pulled out of south Korea taking all their lethal weapons along.

The joint statement demanded the U.S. Government take its armed forces and all lethal weapons out of south Korea and agree to the DPRK Government's proposal to replace the armistice agreement with a peace agreement in accordance with the resolution adopted at the 30th U.N. General Assembly. It noted:

We strongly demand that the U.N. organization disband the "U.N. Command" in south Korea at once and promptly take a step to withdraw all the foreign troops present in south Korea under the signboard of "U.N. forces."

We hold that the question of Korea's reunification is an internal affair of the Korean people and only the Korean people have the right to solve this issue and it should be settled by the Korean people themselves in an independent and peaceful way free from the interference of outside forces.

We firmly believe that the reunification of Korea will be surely attained before long in accordance with the policy of national reunification advanced by His Excellency President Kim Il Sung, the great leader of the Korean people.

WFTU

The World Federation of Trade Unions issued a statement on the 25th of November demanding that the resolution "On Creation of Favourable Conditions for Converting the Armistice into a Durable Peace in Korea and Accelerating the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea" which was co-sponsored by 43 U.N. member countries and adopted at the 30th U.N. General Assembly be implemented at once, according to a report from Prague.

The adoption of this resolution at the 30th U.N. General Assembly constitutes a great victory of the policy of the independent and peaceful reunification of the country pursued by the DPRK and a serious defeat of U.S. imperialism.

Pakistan-Korea Youth Friendship Assn.

Moustapha Hussain, Chairman of the Pakistan-Korea Youth Friendship Association, made public a statement on the 19th of November, warmly hailing the result of voting on the Korean question at the 30th U.N. General Assembly, according to a report from Islamabad.

He said in the statement: The adoption of the resolution sponsored by 43 nations at the 30th United Nations General Assembly is a great victory of the policy of the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea and Juche-based foreign policy consistently maintained by the Government of the DPRK and is a common victory of the peace-loving people of the world who always extend firm support and encouragement to the Korean people's just cause of national reunification.

The passage of the resolution marked a great turn in smashing the old machine of the United Nations where the United States had arbitrarily trumped up an illegal "resolution" on the Korean question every year for the past 30 years by using its voting machine; it created favourable conditions for the solution of the Korean question.

The United States must dissolve, first of all, the "U.N. Command" and immediately withdraw from south Korea its armed forces occupying south Korea under the signboard of the "U.N. forces" in accordance with the adopted resolution.

The statement demanded the prompt withdrawal of the "U.N. forces", a prerequisite for Korea's reunification. It continued:

All the foreign troops must be withdrawn from south Korea, the armistice agreement replaced by a peace agreement and the question of Korea's reunification solved by the Korean people themselves without any outside interference. This is an urgent demand of the development of the present situation.

The question of Korea's reunification must be solved independently and peacefully free from any outside interference in accordance with the three principles and five-point policy of national reunification put forward by His Excellency President Kim Il Sung, the great leader of the entire Korean people and revolutionaries the world over.

Ours is an era of independence and is a new era of history when hundreds of millions of once oppressed and maltreated people have emerged in the arena of history as the master and are vigorously forging ahead along the road of independence, opposing all forms of subjugation and inequality.

The United States must look straight at the reality and act with discretion. If the U.S. and its stooges stand against and resist the trend of the times, they will be unable to escape a more stern judgement of history.

In conclusion the statement stressed that the struggle of the Korean people for national reunification enjoying the active support and encouragement of the peace-loving people of the world would surely be crowned with final victory.

Foreign Papers

Foreign papers carried articles welcoming the 30th U.N. General Assembly's adoption of the 43 nation-sponsored resolution on creating favourable conditions for converting the armistice into a durable peace in Korea and accelerating Korea's independent and peaceful reunification, according to reports.

The Vietnamese paper "Nhan Dan" November 22 carried a commentary.

It stressed that the passage by the U.N. General Assembly of the 43 nation-sponsored resolution on the Korean question is a victory for the just and correct stand of the Government of the DPRK to ensure a lasting peace in Korea and achieve her independent and peaceful reunification. The paper continued:

The U.S. troops' clinging to south Korea is the only cause of the tense situation on the peninsula and constitutes the main obstacle to the reunification of Korea.

The occupation by the U.S. imperialists of south Korea is aimed at turning this area into their military base, creating "two Koreas" so as to permanently divide the country, and threatening the security of the DPRK and the whole of Northeast Asia.

The Korean question cannot be solved unless an end is put to the U.S. imperialists' military occupation of south Korea and to their interference.

The immediate withdrawal of all U.S. troops from south Korea is an urgent demand and prerequisite for the promotion of Korea's independent and peaceful reunification.

A recent issue of **the Mongolian paper "Unen"** said in its article that the 43 nation-sponsored resolution demands the withdrawal of all foreign troops occupying south Korea under the U.N. flag and that only when this demand is put into effect can Korea be reunified without the interference of outside forces.

The U.S. imperialists are building up new military bases in south Korea and introducing nuclear weapons there while refusing to withdraw their troops from south Korea, the paper said, and noted: This is an aggressive act grossly violating the armistice agreement.

It called for replacing the armistice agreement with a peace agreement.

A recent issue of **the Soviet paper "Izvestia"** noted in its commentary: Clearly pointed to in the 43 nation-sponsored resolution adopted at the U.N. General Assembly is the basic way to the solution of the question of Korean reunification.

Stating that there are those who oppose the solution of this urgent question, the paper declared: The draft "resolution" of the U.S. side rules out the necessity of the withdrawal of the foreign troops from south Korea and is aimed at keeping the present tension in the Korean Peninsula.

The Polish paper "Dziennik Ludowy" said in its recent article that the question of Korea's reunification is, in essence, the problem of taking back the territory and people robbed by the foreign imperialists and establishing national sovereignty on a nation-wide scale.

The paper pointed to the urgent need to solve the Korean question and recalled that at the 30th U.N. General Assembly the 43 nation-sponsored resolution was supported by many U.N. member states including Poland, whereas the "resolution" of the U.S. side was rejected.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung reclarified the basic policy maintained all along by the Workers' Party of Korea in the struggle for national reunification in his historic report at the commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the foundation of the WPK the paper said, and stressed: The proposal of the DPRK Government for national reunification is just and realistic.

A recent issue of **the Czechoslovak paper "Prace"** wrote in an article headlined "For Peaceful Reunification" that for the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea an end should be put to the interference of the imperialists in the internal affairs of Korea and all the foreign troops stationed in south Korea be withdrawn.

Saying that there arises the need to replace the armistice agreement by a peace agreement along with the demand for the dissolution of the "U.N. Command" and the withdrawal of all the foreign troops stationed in south Korea under the U.N. flag, the paper noted: The DPRK proposed to the United States to conclude a peace agreement but the United States gave no reply to this proposal.

It is high time for the United Nations to admit the mistakes it committed with its flag being abused in the Korean War and contribute to the peaceful solution of the Korean question.

A recent issue of **the Hungarian paper "Nepszabadsag"** stressed in its article that Korea's reunification should be achieved independently by the Korean people themselves without any outside interference.

A recent issue of **the Gambian paper "The Gambia"** said in an article:

The adoption of the 43 nation-sponsored resolution at the U.N. General Assembly is a shining victory of the independent and peaceful reunification policy of the Government of the DPRK put forward by President Kim Il Sung, the great leader of the Korean people, and a great demonstration of its correctness and vitality and it means the bankruptcy of the imperialists' manoeuvres for the permanent occupation of south Korea and the "two Koreas" plot of the imperialists and their stooges.

This is a great victory of the Korean people in the struggle for achieving the independent and peaceful reunification of the country against the outside interference and a common victory of the socialist countries, the third world countries and the peace-loving people of the whole world supporting the Korean people's cause of national reunification.

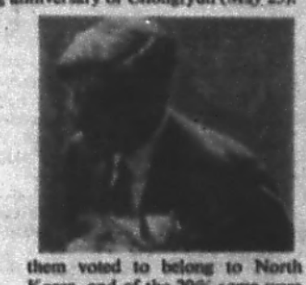
(KCNA)

Ex-Cambridge Savant Praises Chongryun Activities

The following story about the today and yesterday of 600,000 Korean residents in Japan is from the report advanced by Dr W.A. Wooster to the World Federation of Scientific Workers. He visited Japan in May, 1975, to celebrate the 20th founding anniversary of Chongryun (May 25).

In May 1975 we had the pleasure of receiving an invitation to visit Japan to celebrate the 20th anniversary of Chongryun (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan).

It is not generally known that there are some 600,000 Koreans living in Japan at the present time, nor how they came to be there. Briefly there were two main sources. After 1905, when Korea was annexed by Japan, great poverty and unemployment in Korea led to many Koreans emigrating to Japan as indentured labour. Misled by the agents who negotiated their contracts they supposed that after a few years they would be able to return to Korea with their accumulated savings—but this seldom happened and they or their descendants are still living there. More important, however, the very large numbers—somewhere between one and two million—of Koreans both men and women, were shipped as forced labour to Japan during the war; they were obliged to work in mines, building tunnels and air bases and working at other dangerous and ill-paid jobs.



After the liberation some Koreans, in order to maintain their language and culture, founded their own schools where their children could be educated. During the Korean War these schools were persecuted by the Japanese and American authorities and efforts were made to close them down and some ugly incidents occurred involving the death of some children at school. But such solidarity was shown by the parents and teachers that these efforts at suppression failed.

After the war the Koreans were invited by the Japanese Government to signify whether they regarded themselves as citizens of North or South Korea. Although the majority had, geographically speaking, ties with the South rather than with the North, about 80% of them voted to belong to North Korea, and of the 20% some were sympathetic to the Government of the North but wanted to be able to keep in touch with relatives living in the South. Those voting for the South were issued with passports and allowed to travel to South Korea or elsewhere and were treated much as any other foreigners are treated in Japan, but those who gave their allegiance to the North were denied the right to travel to North Korea or anywhere else.

They enjoy no voting rights and although they are obliged to pay insurance contributions, they receive no benefits. Many Japanese officials see fit to address them in a derogatory manner and generally treat them as pariahs. It is impossible for them to obtain employment in any large Japanese firm. So, generally speaking, they are restricted to ill-paid work or are self-employed in restaurants and small workshops run by their compatriots.

Twenty years ago Chongryun was founded and has been immensely helped by generous funds and encouragement supplied by the much beloved Leader, Kim Il Sung, and the Government of North Korea. At the present time one is aware of the strongest feeling of unity and enthusiasm amongst the Koreans living in Japan. Their 160 primary and secondary schools and their Korean University in Tokyo, flourish and educate the children and young people in an admirable manner, engendering high ideals and a notable self-discipline. Aware as they are of the undeserved hardships and disabilities they suffer from, they live in an exemplary law-abiding way, thereby not merely depriving the Japanese Government of any excuse at suppression, but preserving their energies for worthwhile and constructive activities that increase their own happiness and integrity. And this is bringing about a sympathetic response from many Japanese organisations which are actively supporting Chongryun in its struggle for civil rights.

Invitations to the 20th anniversary celebrations were sent to some hundred organisations throughout the world. Most of the invited delegates required visas and about half of them were refused. Of the delegates who did travel to Japan, visa-holders were required on entry to sign a declaration that they would restrict their stay to sight-seeing! The Chongryun organisers accepted this restriction and no foreigners attended the business meetings but the sight-seeing included visits to their splendid schools, the university, the clubhouses and publishing organisations, which bring out newspapers and publications not only in Korean and Japanese but also in many foreign languages.

It was noticeable that in spite of official hostility the big party to celebrate the anniversary was attended by many notable Japanese, the mayor of Tokyo and professors and scholars, trade union leaders and journalists.

The delegates who received every imaginable kindness were really overwhelmed by the generous solicitude of their hosts and came away with an indelible impression of the high quality of life the Korean residents in Japan have managed to create and the extraordinary sense of unity they have with the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The foreign guests who came to Japan for celebrating the 20th birthday of Chongryun were enthusiastically welcomed by the teachers and students of Kyoto Korean High School.

Rodong Sinmun on US Brasshat's "5-Day Operation"

Rodong Sinmun (organ of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea) in a commentary Dec. 1, flaying the balderdash of Hollins Ward, "commander of the first ROK-U.S. allied army corps" in south Korea, warned that if the U.S. imperialists persist in the aggressive manoeuvres, staying on in south Korea, in defiance of the repeated warnings of the entire Korean people and the world peace-loving people, they will suffer a more disgraceful defeat.

The villain, in a fever of "anti-communist" propaganda, blustered that his side would take "a prompt action to conclude the war within five days" by "general mobilization", "if the north invaded the south," and would maintain the "round-the-clock war posture" and "would not yield an inch of soil." The commentary sternly condemned this as a blast fully representing the aggressive ambition of the U.S. imperialists to keep south Korea as their colony and military base and speed up the war manoeuvres against our people and as one more vicious challenge to our people and the world peace-loving people and to the U.N. resolution.

It said:

The balderdash of the rascal reveals that the war plan worked out by the U.S. imperialists against our people has reached a more reckless stage. We cannot tolerate the arrogant act of the robber who has broken into other's house as an uninvited guest and dare play the master.

The commentary quoted the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung as saying:

"We have constantly maintained that the question of our country's reunification, an internal affair of our nation, should be solved not by the interference of outside forces but by the efforts of the Korean people themselves, and not by means of war, but in a peaceful way."

It referred to the invariable peace-loving stand and active initiatives of our Party and the Government of our Republic.

Stating that if the U.S. imperialists had no aggressive designs on Korea and were truly interested in preserving peace in this region, they should have responded to our peace-loving proposals, the commentary denounced the U.S. imperialists for having refused to accept any of all our initiatives.

The commentary exposed the reckless moves of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi clique in kicking up a row of war preparations with outcries over fictitious "threat of southward invasion."

It continued:

It is none other than the U.S. imperialists and their stooges the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who menace peace and oppose peaceful reunification while reinforcing armed forces and raising a war racket in Korea.

The blare of the "commander of the first ROK-U.S. allied army corps" that his side would "take a prompt action to conclude the war within five days" against "southward invasion," is a product of its own brigandish military adventures; it is nothing but an extension of the "nine-day operation plan."

No matter how craftily the U.S. imperialists may try to cover up their war provocation manoeuvres and justify the U.S. troops' permanent occupation of south Korea with the fable of "threat of southward invasion," this is of no avail.

The commentary strongly demanded that the U.S. imperialists give up their ridiculous ruse and immediately dissolve the "U.N. Command" and withdraw all their troops present in south Korea without delay to the last man, as demanded by the U.N. resolution on the Korean question sponsored by peace-loving nations.

(KCNA)

Arms Shipment

According to a report from Seoul, the United States is planning to introduce large quantities of military equipment including guided missiles into south Korea, talking about the "modernisation program" of the south Korean puppet army.

It reportedly decided to ship in the fiscal 1976 ending June next year thousands of "Tow" anti-tank guided missiles and hundreds of ship-to-ship and ship-to-ground guided missiles, a squadron of "F-4-E Phantoms" and scores of "F-5-E" planes into south Korea.

Some of "Tow" anti-tank guided missiles were introduced already into south Korea from September last and installed in the puppet army units.

The completion of this plan for the equipment of the puppet army with guided missiles will be accompanied by the installation of scores of launching pads at each "Tow" guided missile company of the puppet army divisions stationed in the so-called frontline area.

Besides, the U.S. aggressors are pushing ahead with the equipment of small-size craft of the puppet navy with "Harpoon" guided missiles.

The criminal act of the United States which is introducing large quantities of new type weapons and equipment into south Korea to speed up the reinforcement of the puppet army is envisaged in the "security support plan" for the fiscal 1976 submitted to the current U.S. Congress by the Defence Department.

This shows that the U.S. imperialists are increasing with greater frenzy the fire power of the puppet army as well as their aggression forces, in an attempt to unleash another war of aggression in Korea.

Repeated Military Exercises

The Pak Jung Hi gang staged another war gamble termed "air-to-surface firing exercise" on the West Sea of south Korea for nine days beginning November 27.

The war manoeuvres are premeditated provocative acts intended to invent a pretext for keeping the U.S. imperialist aggression troops in south Korea by deliberately aggravating the confrontation and tension between the north and the south and a reckless war gamble for finding a way out of the hell of a fix by starting a fratricidal war with the backing of the U.S. imperialists.

Such provocations by the warmongers, taking the north for the imaginary target of attack, while hastening the fascistisation of south Korean society with greater frenzy, vividly shows what a desperate bid they are making for increasing tension between the north and the south.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique also seek the heinous aim of putting down the spirit of anti-"government" and anti-fascist struggle heightening among the south Korean youths and students and people by threat and blackmail and propping up the tottering "revitalisation system."

Seoul's Military Budget Increases Sharply

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique on Dec. 2 railroaded a 1976 budget of $4.1 billion, up 57.8 per cent over this year's budget.

Military spending accounts for about 34.6 per cent ($1.4 billion) of the total budget and represents a 52.2 per cent increase over this year's military spending. This increase is due to the plan to start a five-year program to build up "sufficient" defense capabilities against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

A huge portion of the spending will be covered by a criminal "defence tax", newly introduced by the Pak clique. This "defence tax" represents 10.5 per cent of total annual revenues and is expected to extort about $430 million or more from the people.

Owing to this huge budget, the tax burden on the south Korean people will increase 17.2 per cent. The domestic tax will represent 59.6 per cent of the total annual revenues, up 22.3 per cent over this year.

As for the Japanese military budget, it represented 6.2 per cent of the total this year. Even in the U.S., an imperialist state, it represented 26.6 per cent of the total this year.

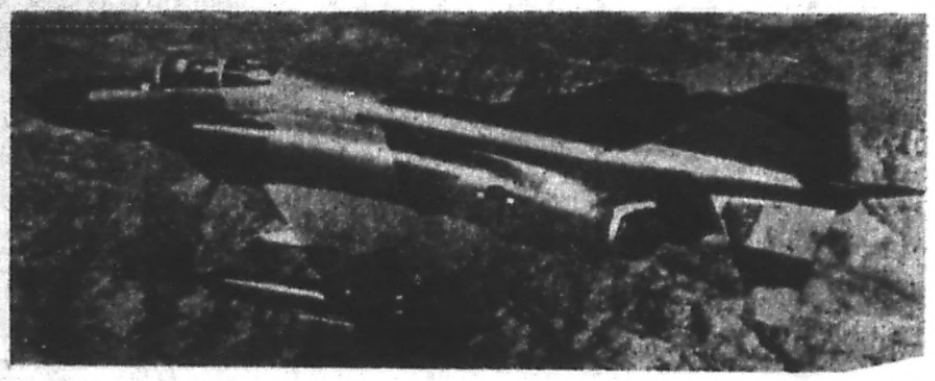
It is no exaggeration to say that the new budget is a super-military one as its military spending represents 34.6 per cent of the total budget despite the fact that south Korea is an underdeveloped country. The figure 34.6 per cent includes only officially announced figure. Including disguised spending, for example, investments and loans (26.5% of the total, up 17.7% over this year), the actual military budget reaches 70 per cent or 80 per cent of the total.

Judging from this, it goes without saying that the 1976 budget is a super-military budget.

The "defence tax" is a heavy burden on the people who are already burdened with many other impositions, and it exceeded people's capacity for tax payment.

The Pak clique introduced foreign capital amounting to $9.6 billion during the past 15 years, by bartering away national integrity, for the purpose of delaying their own final doomsday.

The amount inducted is over double the 1976 budget.



The south Korean puppet army is hastily pushing ahead with aggressive war preparations against the DPRK introducing sophisticated lethal weapons from the United States—left: military parade on the "October 1 army day," above; American-built F-4-D Phantom in operation.

Pyongyang Youth Flay Seoul Clique for "Spyring Case"

PYONGYANG (KCNA)—More than 20,000 youths and students in Pyongyang pungently branded the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique as the vicious stranglers of democracy, infernal fascists and ferocious foes of peaceful reunification.

They held an indignation meeting at the Pyongyang Indoor Stadium on Nov. 25 denouncing the unpardonable brutal act of the south Korean puppet Central Intelligence Agency which concocted one more bogus "case" called "campus spyring case," arrested and jailed 21 student youths of Seoul University and other universities in Chinan of North Cholla Province and Ryesan of South Chungchong Province on groundless "charges" of being "spies" involved in it and transferred them to the puppet prosecution after barbarously torturing them in every way.

Kim Hung Won, vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea, made a speech at the meeting.

He warned: The Pak Jung Hi fascist clique who take the fascist suppression of the people in south Korea as the only way for their existence must not miscalculate that they will be able to prolong their dirty remaining days for ever by repressing the people at the point of the bayonet under the aegis of their U.S. master.

He held that the U.S. imperialists desist from committing the criminal act of instigating the south Korean puppet rulers to the suppression of the people and immediately quit south Korea, taking along all their armed forces of aggression in accordance with the unanimous demand of the entire Korean people and the world peace-loving peoples and the resolution of the 30th U.N. General Assembly.

He pointed out that those student youths whom the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are taking as the target of suppression on false charges of involvement in the "campus spyring case" are not "spies" or "criminals" but are all patriotic youths who, concerned about the future of the country and the nation more deeply than anyone else, devoted themselves to the struggle for the democratization of south Korean society and the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

He quoted the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung as teaching:

"Where there is suppression, there is bound to be resistance, and where there is resistance, revolution will inevitably break out."

The speaker stressed: It is only too natural that the south Korean youths, students and people should fight against those who, relying on outside forces, betrayed the nation, deprived the people even of the elementary liberties and rights and harshly suppress the people.

Denouncing the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique for using the faked-up "case" for another "anti-communist" trick, clamouring that the struggle of the south Korean student youths was "instructed by the north" and carping on us, he said: The patriotic struggle of the south Korean student youths is an outcome of the contradictions of south Korean society itself and based on the faith of the student youths themselves. It has nothing to do with us.

He stressed that the Pak Jung Hi fascist clique must immediately stop fascist atrocities against the south Korean youths and students, unconditionally release the arrested youths, students and people, abolish the fascist "revitalized" dictatorship and "emergency measures" at once, discontinue the "anti-communist" rows and the belligerent and splitting machinations and resign from the "regime" without delay as demanded by the people.

The meeting was addressed also by students of Kim Il Sung University and other universities and colleges.

RPR Demands Release

A spokesman of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification issued a statement on November 24 denouncing the Pak Jung Hi gang of murderers for having trumped up the "campus spyring case" and barbarously torturing 21 patriotic youths and students whom it arrested on charges of involvement in the "case", according to Radio "Voice of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification" monitored here.

The statement highly praised the struggle of students and youths for committing flunkeyism and treachery to the fires with the torch of great Kimilsungism and burying the accursed "revitalized" fascist dictatorship with a valiant resistance for democracy, saying that it is a truly just and patriotic action.

The statement continued:

The Revolutionary Party for Reunification resolutely denounces and rejects, in the name of the entire masses of the people, the Pak Jung Hi fascist bandits for bestially suppressing the students and youths who rose in a just, patriotic struggle in accordance with the requirement of the times and the aspirations of the masses of the people and indict them to the whole world for their never-to-be-condoned crimes.

The Pak Jung Hi fascist elements' unjustified brutal suppression of the patriotic students and youths of various strata must be immediately checked and all the arrested students set free at once.

The movement against dictatorship and for democracy is just and its victory is inevitable.

Korean youth and students here condemn the Pak Jung Hi fascist clique for their recent arrest of the 21 patriotic students at the meeting held on Dec. 1 in Tokyo.

Korean Youth Here

A central meeting of Korean youths and students in Japan was held at the Korean Publications Hall in Tokyo on December 1, to censure the Pak clique's fascist suppression of patriotic youths and students in south Korea, in connection with the recent "campus spyring case."

At the meeting, Ri Gyong Ho, Chairman of the Korean Youth League in Japan, made a report.

He stressed that all people must struggle vigorously to win the release of the arrested youths, students and people, to make the U.S. troops withdraw from south Korea and to realize the reunification of Korea.

Representatives of progressive organizations including the Japan Democratic Youth Union and the Japan Socialist Youth League, attended the meeting as guests.

At the meeting, Korean youths discussed this problem, condemning the Pak clique's atrocities and demanding that the arrested students in south Korea be released.

Glimpse of South Korea

★ The Pak Jung Hi clique decided to raise the water rates by 50 per cent, postage 66.6 per cent and hundreds of kinds of fees 100 to 150 per cent and railway freight charges 35 per cent and electric charges 16 per cent and markedly boost the prices of petroleum and its products.

They also scheme to jerk up next year the tuition and foundation fees at the primary schools 2.5 times, the tuition fees at the middle schools by 51.4 to 102.4 per cent and that at the high schools 47.4 to 62.4 per cent.

★Students of south Korean schools can hardly receive lessons due to the acute shortage of teachers on top of insufficient educational facilities.

Schools of all levels are short of more than 40,800 teachers.

The shortage of teachers is more acute at schools in rural and fishing villages than in urban areas.

★More than 21,300 of middle school students in Seoul who have these days managed to pass the so-called "selective examination" to go to high schools in next spring will be left outside schools due to the lack of school facilities and their accommodation.

★Foreign capitalists who made inroads into south Korea carried away to their home countries 320 million dollars out of a large amount of profits they got for 9 months this year.

This is 102 million dollars greater than the figure in the same period of last year.

The comprador capitalists would be exempted from this year's customs duties amounting to 51,100 million won by the year end, under the spurious name of "export development" and "encouragement of enterprise."

This exorbitant sum of money is tantamount to nearly one third of the customs revenues envisaged in this year's budget of the puppet government.

★The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique decided to sell more than 6,000 south Korean women as "nurses" to foreign capitalists in three years from next year.

They had traded off south Korean women mainly to West Germany under the name of "nurse." Now they contemplate to sell 2,000 women every year as "nurses" starting from next year to the United States, Britain, Canada and other European and South American countries, Middle East and African countries.

The puppet clique has so far sold off upwards of 7,000 south Korean women as "nurses" to West Germany alone.

★The traffic accidents reached above 38,960 in south Korea from January to October this year.

Upwards of 47,200 people were killed or inflicted wounds, heavy or light.

This means an increase of more than 4,700 in casualties above the figure in the same period last year and a daily average of 130 accidents claiming a casualty toll of more than 150.

Secret Trial Staged

The Seoul district criminal court on Nov. 28 found 21 student defendants of the "second case of the National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy" guilty of violation of the "presidential emergency measure No. 9" banning all anti-"government" activities.

Sim Ji Yon, graduate of Seoul Univ., alleged leader of the student defendants, was sentenced to prison term up to 15 years. Twenty others were given sentences up to ten years.

The ruling was handed secretly, without advance notice, bypassing all the legal procedures that they established: there was neither cross-examination, nor argument by defense counsel and the demand by the prosecution for penalties.

At the sentencing session in the morning the puppet judge hurriedly read the text of the decision, calling the defendants one by one, because they set themselves against the court in the previous trials. A morning session was marred by shouts raised by some of the students protesting what they called "illegal and secret court proceedings."

In the afternoon sentencing session, the defendants were sentenced in a room for judges not in court room, on the plea of "contempt to judges."

The families of the defendants who were waiting in court room were not notified of these facts.

The students were reported to have held meetings on several occasions in the Myongdong Cathedral, Seoul, for organizing anti-Pak demonstration on nation-wide scale last May.

At their first and second trials held on Nov. 10 and 24 respectively, they defied the court, condemning the puppets' "revitalized constitution."

"KCIA" Manipulates Anti-Chongryun Campaign

The frameup by the "KCIA" of the "campus spyring case" (The People's Korea, Dec. 3) is a recent example of spyring cases fabricated to slander the DPRK and discredit Chongryun.

A series of spyring frameup cases involving Korean residents here are a desperate attempt to suppress the mounting anti-dictatorship movement.

The "campus spyring case" is a vicious plot hatched by the "KCIA" for that purpose.

The 21 persons arrested, including five women and 13 students from Japan studying in south Korean universities, are groundlessly charged with "spying for north Korea." Among them is Paek Ok Kwang, 27, in charge of information at the Osaka Hanguk (south Korea) Youth Chamber.

It is alleged that they, at the "dictates of Pyongyang," attempted to paralyze public order and overthrow the "government."

This case is nothing but a replica of the "case of the National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy."

The fascist clique charges that the so-called ringleader Paek has secretly visited Pyongyang several times since 1967, to receive directives. But, this allegation was proved false by his family.

Students from Japan were alleged to have been manipulated by Chongryun men. But, in fact, the students were regarded here as pro-Pak Jung Hi elements. They had no connection with Chongryun.

In a word, this fabrication is aimed at presenting falsely Chongryun as a "base for action against south Korea."

The minister of the puppet embassy in Tokyo requested the Japanese authorities to regulate the Chongryun organization in accordance with the "Shiina memorandum," a verbal agreement between Seoul and Tokyo on the suppression of Chongryun.

Lately, anti-DPRK and anti-Chongryun campaigns have been increasingly intensified in this country by the "KCIA" and reactionary Japanese groups—the Japanese authorities' hostile attitude toward the DPRK and rightwing mobs' raids on Chongryun organizations in the wake of the "Shosei-maru" incident; creation of the bogus "Chominryon," an imaginary anti-Chongryun body; "surrender to the south Korean puppet authorities of a Korean resident here Kim Jong Gil, as a "north Korean spy", who is alleged to have been wirepulled by Chongryun; and attacks on Chongryun over the "August 15, 1974 assassination attempt on Pak Jung Hi by a south Korean youth in Japan.

The "KCIA" agents are rampantly active here under the direction of the fifth department of the "KCIA" headquarters in charge of security problems, and their activities are connived at by the Japanese authorities.

Abusing diplomats' status, they are manoeuvring throughout this country at will. The dissident south Korean democrat, Kim Dae Jung, was kidnapped in August, 1973 by puppet embassy staff members in Tokyo—one of them was first-secretary Kim Dong Un, whose fingerprints were found in the scene of the crime. The agents also disguise themselves as journalists, businessmen and so on.

All Korean residents in Japan are watched and shadowed all day long everywhere. The "KCIA" constantly attempts to abduct anti-Pak Koreans to south Korea, labelling them as "spies".

Thus, many compatriots have so far been taken from Japan—the abduction case of the merchant Yun Yu Gil, 1969; summons to Seoul of pro-Mindan personages Pae Dong Ho and Kwak Dong Ui on charges of violation of the "anti-communist law," 1971; the arrest of Choe Chang Il, lecturer at Seoul National University, as a "spy for north Korea," May, 1973; and the arrest of Kim Chol, assistant at Hokkaido University of Japan, and of his younger brother studying at Seoul University, June, 1973.

This year alone, Kim Dal Nam, director of the youth department at Mindan's Nagano prefectural headquarters, was arrested as a "spy" last February when he went to south Korea. In April, eight Korean residents were arrested on the same charges.

But, all the charges against them were proved groundless by witnesses.

Hitherto, the arrested 47 Koreans here have been subjected to every thinkable torture. Three of them were already executed.

On top of this, the "KCIA" is trying to kill Chongryun people. A few years ago, a local Chongryun cadre was suddenly found missing. Later his corps was found on a beach. All the evidences indicate that it was the work of agents. Attacks by Japanese student mobs on Korean students here can be considered similar moves.

In connection with the frameup of the recent "campus spyring case," the "KCIA" singled out the name of a Chongryun cadre in a vicious bid to connect the "case" with Chongryun.

Therefore, branding the "KCIA" activities as illegal and a violation of Japan's sovereignty, Japanese opposition Dietmen including Den Hideo, Socialist Member of the House of Councilors, demanded that the government should regulate the intelligence organ and expel south Korean diplomats involved in the "KCIA" manoeuvers.

The "KCIA" was formed by the Pak Jung Hi military junta right after the "May 16, 1961 coup d'etat," in imitation of the American CIA. It has 15,000 full-time staff personnel and 370,000 agents. Among all other puppet government organs, it alone enjoys unlimited privileges. Virtually, it is the supreme command for suppression, serving Pak's fascist dictatorship.

Therefore, the "KCIA" is called the shadow government of south Korea.

Its main tasks are surveillance of citizens, detection of dissident forces and their elimination. The intelligence organ has always led other organs in repression—in suppressing the student uprising against the "south Korea-Japan talks," March 24 and June 3, 1965, and the nationwide struggle against the "yushin dictatorship."

The "KCIA" oversea activities have caused trouble in many countries. They are now condemned in the United States, West Germany and France.

Today, the American CIA is denounced by the world public for its subversive activities abroad.

Although it is smaller in scale than the CIA, the "KCIA" excels the U.S. CIA in cruelty and craftiness.

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